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| Co-financed by    | European Union:   |
|-------------------|---|
|                   | 4,150,000€ under the Global Climate<br>Change Alliance plus/Development Smart<br>Innovation through Research in Agriculture<br>(GCCA+/DeSIRA) |
|                   | German Federal Ministry for Economic<br>Cooperation and Development (BMZ):<br>400,000€  |
| Co-implemented by | Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale<br>Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH   |
|                   | Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)   |
| Project region    | Selenge aimag (Yeruu, Mandal, Javkhlant soums)  |
|                   | Khentii aimag (Binder, Bayan-Adarga,<br>Umnudelger soums)   |
| Duration          | 2021 - 2024   |













#### **OBJECTIVE:**

The project aims to increase capacity of Mongolian communities to implement innovative and sustainable long-term landscape management to address food system challenges and climate stresses. The project has two components.

- I. Mainstreaming climate change adaptation into the agricultural landscape management to increase agricultural productivity, sustainability, and value addition (with the support of the agricultural component);
- II. Improving capacity for sustainable landscape management of forest resources and conservation of biodiversity in target soums (with the support of the forestry component).









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More than 80 demonstration plots were established in the project's six target soums to showcase best practices in Sustainable Forest Management (SFM) in collaboration with a University Consortium led by the

Mendel University in Brno, Czech Republic.

- A tree nursery was established in Javkhlant soum, Selenge aimag to serve as a source of seedlings and saplings and to enable local beneficiaries to attend practical tree planting training.
- 300 forest technicians of Inter-Soum Forest Units, Forest User Groups, and professional forest organizations were capacitated through SFM trainings on seven different topics.
- Potential value chains of timber and non-timber forest products were assessed in the project target aimags. In addition, policy briefs for the forestry sector of Mongolia were developed.

- The development of a research paper compendium "DONSATI" on technology and innovation to restore, protect and use degraded forests was supported and disseminated to target audience.
- The "One Billion Tree" National Movement of the Government of Mongolia was supported through tree planting training of trainers and the development of tree planting guidelines and handbooks.
- Awareness raising events (e.g. Advocating International Day of Forests, SFM practices, and School Day in Forest) were organized for youth to highlight the importance of forests, especially their role in climate change adaptation and mitigation.
- An upscaling of forest thinning of 160 hectares is being supported in pilot areas.



# Sustainable Ecosystem and Agriculture Management for Rural Development in Mongolia STREAM+

**General Introduction** 



















## Overall Objective is contribute to strengthening Mongolia's green and digital transition efforts for the inclusive and sustainable development of the country



The Specific Objectives 1. Improved regulatory and/or policy framework to enable sustainable, climate-sensitive and gender inclusive management of forests and agriculture areas, and a fit-for-purpose TVET sector



The Specific Objectives 2. Adopted integrated landscape management with focus on agriculture (agriculture encompasses livestock and crop production for food and non-food products) and forestry addressing food system challenges and climate change



The Specific Objectives 3. Developed and strengthened selected sustainable and climate-resilient agriculture and forestry value chains



The Specific Objectives 4.Enhanced capacities of TVET to meet labour market needs in close partnership with the private sector in agriculture and forestry, ensuring an increase of women and girls' participation









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## THE ORGANIZATION

#### Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH







#### THE PARTNER





Agriculture component









Forestry component





## Executing agency:

## Ministry of Environment and Climate Change (MECC)

#### Main Stakeholders:

## **Agriculture & Land**

**European Union** 

- MoFALI and selected subordinate departments
- Agency for the Land
  Administration and
  Management, Geodesy and
  Cartography
- Aimag Government & Departments
  - School of Agroecology

## **Forestry**

- MECC and selected subordinate departments
- Government Implementing Forest Agency
- Aimag Government & Departments (Forest divisions)
- Inter-/soum Forest Units
- Research Organization

#### **TVET**

- Ministry of Education
- General Authority for Education
- Mongolian National Chamber of Commerce and Industry











## Private sector:

- Employers' association
- Trade Unions
- Euro Chamber
- Forest Enterprises
- Producers

## Civil society:

- Community-based organisations
- NGO
- Cooperatives





## STREAM+

#### **SO1**

Improved regulatory and/or policy framework

#### Output 1.1

Sustainable and climatesensitive landscape management approaches included in new policies, and relevant institutions are strengthened.

#### Output 1.2

Improved policy framework and institutional capacities to drive the organizational reform of TVET towards an efficient, sustainable and labour market-driven sector, with gender mainstreaming

#### **SO2**

Integrated landscape management with focus on agriculture and forestry

#### Output 2.1

Sustainable and climatesensitive landscape management approaches included in new policies, and relevant institutions are strengthened.

#### SO3

Sustainable and climate-resilient agriculture and forestry value chains

#### Output 3.1

Green and digital technologies integrated in the value chains of selected forest- and agriculture products.

#### Output 3.2

Agroforestry models with potential to contribute to sustainable land use, climate resilience, food security and improved livelihoods for rural communities established.

#### **SO4**

Enhanced capacities of TVET

#### Output 4.1

Improved relevance, quality and delivery of TVET system in agriculture- and forestry sectors, increasing women and girls' participation

## STREAM+

#### **SO1**

Improved regulatory and/or policy framework

#### Output 1.1

Sustainable and climatesensitive landscape management approaches included in new policies, and relevant institutions are strengthened.

#### Output 1.2

Improved policy framework and institutional capacities to drive the organizational reform of TVET towards an efficient, sustainable and labour market-driven sector, with gender mainstreaming

#### **SO2**

Integrated landscape management with focus on agriculture and forestry

#### Output 2.1

Sustainable and climatesensitive landscape management approaches included in new policies, and relevant institutions are strengthened.

#### SO3

Sustainable and climate-resilient agriculture and forestry value chains

#### Output 3.1

Green and digital technologies integrated in the value chains of selected forest- and agriculture products.

#### Output 3.2

Agroforestry models with potential to contribute to sustainable land use, climate resilience, food security and improved livelihoods for rural communities established.

#### **SO4**

## Enhanced capacities of TVET

#### Output 4.1

Improved relevance, quality and delivery of TVET system in agriculture- and forestry sectors, increasing women and girls' participation







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- **Jargalant**
- Galt

## Khentii aimag

- Binder
- Bayan Adarga

- Umnudelger
- **Batshireet**











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#### **Policy**

- Law on Forest
- Land Laws (pasture management)
- Law on Trade and GI
- Livestock Tax Law
- Legal framework for Agroforestry (Law on Forest and Law on Crop)



#### Landscape management

- National strategy on SFM
- Forest Management
  Plan
- Land management plan (Khuvsgul aimag and 4 soums)
- Pasture management practices



#### Value chains

- Forest value chains (birch charcoal, wood from forest management)
- Meat and cashmere (artificial insemination)
- Agroecology
- Agroforestry









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